



Poverty – Eradication

To end all forms of poverty that exists over the world. The goal is to raise the standard of living of the hungry irrespective of age by 2030. For this, plan programmes and take steps at state level utilising the resources available at national level. As per the statistics of 2016, in underdeveloped countries about 38% of people are below the poverty – line (daily income \$ 1.9)

World Without hunger

Through food – self sufficiency, achieve sustainable agricultural prosperity; increase basic facilities, promote the use of genetically engineered farm – products, set-up high - quality research facilities and help to raise the income for farmers including small scale farmers by developing their buying and selling facilities.

As per the statistics of 2016, worldwide, 793 million people are facing food – scarcity; Reports indicate that this has been decreasing.



Healthy life

Ensure healthy well – being regardless of age, achieve high scores in birth-death rates at global level, prevent epidemic diseases, reduce the use of intoxicants, open facilities for researches in the medical field.

Statistics shows that there has been 44% reduction in infant mortality rate from 2000 till 2015. The number of death due to epidemics has also been coming down.

Quality Education

Assure equality and quality education all through life, enable everyone to lead high standard of life through education, complete the mission of literacy, and provide opportunities for high level researches.

As per the statistics for the last 15 years, 91% of children have joined for primary education. According to the accounts of 2014, 61 million children have not gone for even primary schooling





Gender Equality

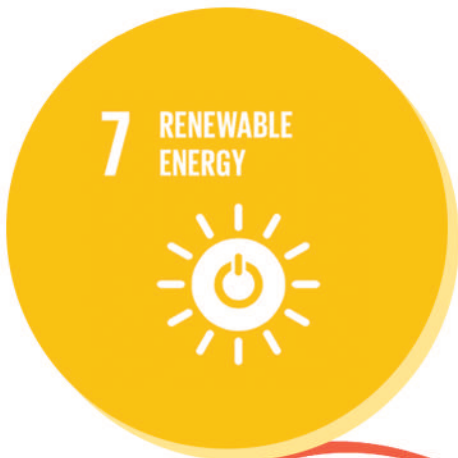
Ensure gender equality and empowerment of women. Ending social and sexual atrocities against women and girl – children and ensure equal pay and equal opportunities irrespective of gender.

The survey conducted in 87 countries during 2005 – 2016 among women aged between 15-49 has revealed that 19% women have been victims of physical and sexual assaults by their partners. Although the rate of child-marriage has been declining, its speed is not satisfactory. Even now, the number of women holding managerial designations is far less than that of men.

Clean Water, Sanitation

Ensure sustainable water-distribution and toilet facilities. While ensuring the availability of clean potable water with local co-operation, protect water sources and arrange accessibility to toilet facilities.

As per the report of 2015, 90% of the population has been utilizing quality drinking water sources; at the same time 200 crores of people are, from time to time suffering from scarcity of water. It is a matter of great concern that the chances are for the water-scarcity to increase in the near future.



Affordable and Clean Energy

Ensure sustainable, dependable and modern energy distribution. Attain energy efficiency by the maximum use of reusable energy resources.

It is optimistic that as per the report of 2010-12, 72% of people of developed countries have been making use of renewable energy resources. However, according to the Report of 2012, even though 86% of the world population has been using energy, the distribution sufficient for 110 crores has not been efficient.

Work = opportunities and economic growth

Along with sustainable economic growth, arrange productive work and work opportunities. Encourage even developing countries to be in the Development Index and help profitable production – tendencies to be grown in all areas.

The global economic – growth of 2010-'14 is 1.6. It shows only a slight increase over the 2000 – 2004 growth rate. Compared to the job-availability of men, 15% of women all over the world are unemployed even now. Though the number of bank accounts has increased by 20% among the adult – population in 4 years, 2 billion people have not been getting such financial services even to day.





9 INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



Industry, Innovation, Infrastructure

Together with the development of infrastructure, support sustainable industrialisation and innovative concepts. Conceiving new concepts, promote industries that can provide job opportunities. High energy efficiency and technological know-how have been reducing the rate of carbon dioxide in the order of unit one. As against the account of 2000, the amount spent in 2013 for research was 1.7 billion US\$. However, while mobile broad band services have reached 90 per cent of the urban population, it is not available in 30 per cent of villages.

Reduction of inequalities

Reduce the inequalities among the nations. By getting rid of the inequalities that exist among countries as politically, economically, socially and strategically, increase co-operation in welfare activities. In the report from 2017 till 2014, economic inequalities have been declining in 56 out of 94 countries. This crisis can be overcome only when the common man's income be grown proportionate to the national average of the country.

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



Sustainable Cities

Make human habitation centres safe and sustainable. Protect man and nature sustaining the virginity of the world. U.N. reports for 2014 clarify that 30 per cent of the people of developed countries are living in slums. The reports for 2012 reveal that due to severe air-pollution 37 lakhs people had died in the urban and rural areas. In 2015, 142 countries have adopted sustainable development methods at national and regional level. Out of these, 82 countries have started implementation order and 23 countries have reached the assessment stage.

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



Responsible Consumption and Production

Ensure sustainable consumption – production Order. 1/3 of the food products (approx. 130 crore tons) produced at global level go waste due to non-consumption each year. It is deduced that the world population would reach 960 crores in 2050. Unless there has been responsible production and consumption, it would create great crisis.

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION





Prevent Climate – Change

Adopt methods to prevent climate – change and its consequences. Take timely and appropriate remedial measures to tackle the problems following climate – change, take steps to create awareness on environmental subjects.

It had been record – breaking temperature that was recorded world-wide from 2011 till 2015. From 2000 till 2013, there was abnormal increase in the number of natural disasters. This too is the reason for looking forward to the Paris Agreement.

Protection of the Ocean

Protect the sea and sea-products. By reducing the rate of sea-pollution, make maximum use of its potential. 97 per cent of the Earth’s water is in the sea.

Based on the reports from 2000 till 2014, most of the countries have taken steps to protect the seas and sea – products. World wide 300 crores of people have been living depending on the sea or its coastal habitations. Due to the interference of man, 40 per cent of the sea has been in severe environmental Crisis.



Protection of organic diversity

Restore and promote the use of sustainable habitats. Together with it, prevent the destruction of bio diversity. Take steps to nurture and protect bio diversity at global level.

Between 1990 and 2015, forest wealth in the world has come down from 31.7 per cent to 30.7 per cent. On the other hand, through continuous forestation programmes in the 2010-15 period, deforestation could be reduced in the order of 3.3 hectre. Of the organic diversities, 23000 species are confronting the threat of extinction even now.



Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions.

While making sustainable development available to all societies, assure justice as well at all levels. Exploitations and discriminations are to be avoided and at international level, legal protection is to be provided. For this, strengthen various organizational institutions. Due to corruption, robbery, Tax-evasion etc. 1.26 lakh crores dollars are channelled to the underworld from developing countries every year. As per the reports of 2014, 4.6 to 6.8 persons out of 1 lakh have been murdered. Out of human trafficking world wide, 30 per cent are girls.





17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



Partnerships for the goals

Seek global co-operation for sustainable development. Work together in the fields of communication, commerce, infrastructure, economics and technology of countries.

Though there has been progress in the official support for underdeveloped countries, joint-ventures are slow. According to the reports until 2015, in such countries, High Speed internet connectivity, infrastructure etc are not available yet.

The development – agenda of the United Nations has been devised out of the keen awareness that poverty, harmful environmental and productivity tendencies are hurdles on the path to total development.

It is incumbent upon the heads of states and authorities to act understanding fully well the common needs of the world. Therefore, the rulers should not be slow to realise from the global index that the arrangements for that are not capable enough. Indeed, in order to keep pace with the development speed of the world, nations must definitely implement sustainable plans and transparent measures in a time bound manner.

